# New Teacher Checklist

#### Your Binder

If your school doesn't already require a specific organizational system, here's one you can use: Get a 3-ring binder, 1" or 1.5" thick (needs to be thin enough to easily slip into a bag you can take home), and a set of tabbed dividers (about 15-20 of these so you can adjust over the year). Below is a suggested set of labels; you will eventually settle into your own system, but this will get you started:

Week at-a-Glance Put an overview of the current week's plans in front; organize others behind it.
Attendance If you normally record attendance on your computer or other digital interface, this may not be necessary; some teachers prefer to keep their own written records in addition to computer-based records.
Seating Charts
One tab for each subject (elementary) or class period (middle/secondary)  Here you may choose to store lesson plans for individual class periods or subjects, along with original copies of handouts or other materials necessary for the lesson.
Faculty Meetings  Agendas and notes taken during faculty meetings.
PLC/Department Info Same as above for your PLC or department- or grade-level meetings.
School Information Schedules, phone extension lists, policies you might need to refer to.
District Information  Only include items that you'd need to refer to on a regular basis, such as the district calendar.  Store everything else in your filing system (below).
Standards/Curriculum  If the full version of these is too lengthy to keep in the binder, look for a shorter version or summary page for reference. If you find this isn't helpful, keep standards in their own separate binder.
Notes for Next Year  This is <u>crucial</u> for your first year, but many teachers keep notes like these throughout their careers as they reflect on improvements they can make. Just fill this section with blank computer paper or lined paper – you'll fill it quickly!

### Your Filing System

The binder will be a great place to keep current materials and forms for reference, but it is unreasonable to keep everything there. Set up a filing system to store documents that are more than a month old or that you don't expect you'll need anytime soon. If possible, mirror your digital files with these same categories as well, since many documents will come to you in digital format.

Lesson Plans File past lesson plans in chronological order.
Attendance Past attendance records, to keep your binder light.
Student Files  Create one file for each student. Use these to store sample work and any other documentation such as discipline records, IEP paperwork, parent contact notes, or notes from that student.
One file for each subject (elementary) or class period (middle/secondary)
Faculty Meetings  Use this to store old agendas, handouts, and other notes for faculty meetings after the section in your binder gets too full.
PLC/Department Info
School Information
District Information
Standards/Curriculum
Notes for Next Year
Employment/Certification  Keep records of your contract, pay stubs, your teaching certificate and any other information related to your teaching here. You may prefer to keep these at home instead – just be sure to have a file for this information somewhere.
Mailers  You are going to get a lot of junk mail: flyers and promotional materials from textbook companies, free samples, information on PD opportunities, conferences, and memberships, and you'll get a lot in your email inbox as well. You won't have enough time to go through it all, so discard anything you know you'll never be interested in and put everything that looks promising in this file. Over the summer you can go through it and follow up on the good stuff

## Your School

The school's main phone number:			
The school's mailing address:			
The school's fax number:			
Learn the procedure for clocking in/signing in (if applicable)			
Find your mailbox			
Supplies			
☐ How do you order supplies?			
☐ What is your budget?			
☐ Does your school allow you to spend your own money on supplies and get reimbursed (most don't, but some have a small budget for this purpose).			
☐ What supplies, if any, are available to teachers for free? Where are these kept?			
Copies			
☐ Where do you go to make copies?			
☐ Do you need any kind of code or password to use the copier?			
☐ Do teachers have a copy limit/ration for the year?			
$\square$ Who do you go to if there is a paper jam or other problem with the copier?			
Technology			
☐ What is your email address? How do you log in to access your email?			
$\square$ Do you have a teacher web page? If so, what are the expectations for maintaining it?			
☐ What kind of <u>hardware</u> is available to students (Computer labs? Tablets? Laptop cart?) and what is the procedure for accessing it? Is there a sign-up sheet? Do you need to check thing out? Is there a time limit for how long you can use things?			
☐ What <u>software</u> does the school currently use or have access to? Is there anything you are expected to use?			
☐ What <u>websites</u> are restricted or blocked from school computers? (e.g., YouTube is blocked in many districts, which could seriously restrict what videos you are able to use in your lessons			
☐ Who do you go to if you are having a technology-related problem?			
Being absent			
☐ Who do you call if you're going to be out sick?  (Also: Ask a teacher you trust about how your administrators feel about "planned" sick			

		daysalso known as "mental health" days. In some schools, y these. In others, you need to just pretend to be sick.)	you can be up-front about
		What is the procedure for getting a sub?	
		Is a doctor's note required for absences?	
		How much leave time do you have?	
Facul	ty	and Staff	
r )	nam /ear	row a copy of last year's yearbook. This will be an indispensab nes of the other adults in the building. Obviously there has be book will contain the names and pictures of most current fac learn students' names if they attended your school last year.	en some turnover, but the
	Writ	e down the names and contact information for the following	people:
[		The main office staff:	
	] T	he custodian(s):	
		<b>、</b> ,	
	_		
	_		
	] T	he guidance staff:	
	_		
	_		
	] T	he library/media center staff:	
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	J T	he technology coordinator:	

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### Your Classroom

Ш	Arrange and cor	e student desks. See <u>this article</u> for a discussion of different possibilities and their pros ns.
		temporary seating charts, with plans to adjust later, after you get to know students. students alphabetically (by last name) will help you learn names more quickly.
	Decide	where students will turn in papers.
	will be	ate a spot in the room where you will write out the day's agenda and any homework that due the next day. Keep this place consistent, so students get used to looking there for ormation.
		a system for helping students who have been absent get their make-up work. Ask r teacher to see what they do or try this <u>absent binder</u> idea.
		gn on the outside of your classroom door with your name, grade, subject area (if ble), and daily schedule.
	with the	now your classroom technology works: How to turn on and perform basic functions e classroom projector, document cameras, interactive white board, and student ters (if any).
	you'll be also ne	a substitute folder and a set of emergency sub plans. When you have planned absences, a able to prepare plans that are a better fit for what you're teaching at that time, but you ed a backup for days you are absent unexpectedly. To get an idea of what these look like, or colleagues to show you what they use. This article can also help you pull together what ed.
☐ Bulletin Boards / Wall Decorations  If you have received no guidance for these and do suggestions:		ave received no guidance for these and don't know what to do, consider these
		One board – or one designated space in your classroom – should contain a place for daily schedules, emergency information, school announcements and flyers – just general, non-academic information.
		Have one designated place for posting classroom rules, consequences, and general procedures.
		Create at least one board that you <i>could</i> keep up all year, or at least for a very long time. Check out this article for <u>25 bulletin board ideas</u> from Corkboard Connections.
		One board could be left blank, so your students can take turns decorating it. This could be based around a particular unit of study, if you like, or students could propose their own ideas. This is a great way to give students more ownership of the classroom.

	Emergency Procedures  Find out exactly what you and your class need to do and where you need to go during the following situations, and keep this information in a place where you can easily access it:		
		Fire drills	
		Lock-downs or other safety procedures	
		Earthquake, tornado, or other weather-related drills or events	
You	r Stud	lents	
	(Yes, yo	tudents complete an index card on your first day including the following information: ou can get this information from the office or from school databases, but it's nice to have f cards for your own quick access.)	
		First and last name	
		Parent names and contact information (phone numbers and emails)	
		Student contact information (phone numbers and emails, for older students)	
		Address	
		Birthday	
		Class schedule (if applicable)	
		uilding a relationship with your students by distributing a "getting to know you" onnaire. If you don't have one, try our <u>Student Inventories</u> .	
	columr slips to	a folder of blank class lists: Student names in the first column, followed by about 10 ns with nothing in them. These can be used to record anything from turned-in permission fire drill attendance. You'll need them, so get them ready. And be sure to add a few rows at the bottom, so you can add names of new students if needed.	
		ut which students in your class have IEPs, 504 plans, gifted services plans, or any other nic, medical, or other legally binding documents you'll need to adhere to.	
		If no one addresses these with you, ask your guidance counselor, department or PLC head, or administrator.	
		If your previous training hasn't taught you exactly what you're required to do for any of these students, find out which people in the building are responsible for making sure you meet these students' needs, and ask them exactly what you're required to do.	
	you ge	ut where you can access students' academic records, and what you're allowed to see. As to know students and work toward personalizing instruction for them, it will be helpful to to see past test scores, grades, and other academic information.	

	Keep a list of student allergies and other medical information in an easy-to-access place. This information will come in handy before class parties or other snack-related events, field trips, and other situations where health information is needed.		
Curriculum and Standards			
	Get a copy of the state standards for every grade and subject you are responsible for. Put these in the Standards/Curriculum section of your notebook. If they are too bulky, store them in your filing system instead.		
	Create electronic bookmarks so you can also access this information online.		
	Meet with other teachers on your grade level or in your subject area for help in developing a curriculum map or plan for covering the curriculum over the year. Your school should require this already, but just in case they don't, set up this meeting yourself.		